

Noteset 1J - In Class Notes

Density

The mass of an object compared to its volume

$$D = \frac{m}{V} \quad \frac{(\text{mass, g})}{(\text{Volume, mL, cm}^3)} \quad \begin{matrix} 1 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ cm}^3 \\ (\text{liquid}) \quad (\text{solid}) \end{matrix}$$

Density is a ratio of mass to volume

$$D_{\text{water}} = 1.00 \text{ g/mL} \quad (1 \text{ g} : 1 \text{ mL})$$

100g water : 100mL water
500g water : 500mL water] same ratio

Density is an intensive property, a property that only depends on what a substance is (identity) over the amount (g, mL, etc).

Density is also a direct relationship, As a "ratio" of mass to volume the variables are "directly" linked to each other.

$$D_{\text{water}} = 1.00 \text{ g/mL} \quad 1.00 \text{ g/mL} = \frac{100 \text{ g}}{100 \text{ mL}} = \frac{200 \text{ g}}{200 \text{ mL}} = \frac{500 \text{ g}}{500 \text{ mL}}$$

$\uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow$ or $\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow$ (both same direction)

Solving Density Problems

- ① Determine mass and volume
- ② Plug into eqn (include units)
- ③ Divide quantities and include units
- ④ Round to 2 (or less) places after decimal

$$D = \frac{m}{V} \frac{(\text{g})}{(\text{mL})}$$

Ex: $m = 35.9\text{g}$ $V = 61.6\text{mL}$

$$D = \frac{m^*}{V} \quad D = \frac{35.9\text{g}^*}{61.6\text{mL}}$$

$$D = 0.58279$$

$$\underline{\underline{D = 0.58\text{g/mL}^*}}$$

units: $\frac{\text{g}}{\text{mL}} = \text{g/mL}$

* required for all problems