## **Basics of Energy - Definitions**

#### Energy

A measurement of matter based on the capacity for matter to perform tasks (do things, i.e. Work) to other forms of matter

### **Kinetic Energy**

The energy matter based on the movement of matter in space as *heat* or *speed* (velocity)

#### **Potential Energy**

The stored energy of matter based on the physical connections, location, or interaction with other forms of matter

### **Basics of Energy – Math Stuff**

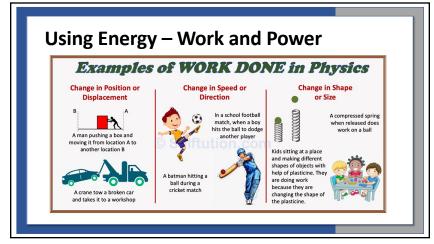
Kinetic & Potential Energy

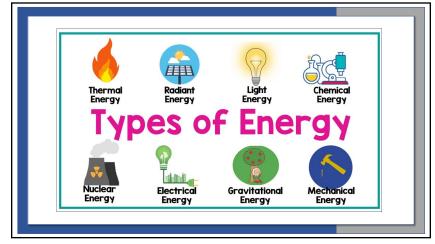
$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mV^2$$
 PE = mgh

**KE** = Kinetic Energy  $\mathbf{h}$  = Height (m)  $\mathbf{m}$  = Mass (g)

**PE** = Potential Energy **g** Force  $\mathbf{v}$  = Velocity (m/s)

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### **Forms of Energy Thermal Energy**

Heat, the energy given off due to the interaction of different forms matter, which causes a change in speed (i.e. temperature)



### Radiant + Light Energy

Energy flow through the movement of light in space, normally due to heat (infrared radiation), nuclear energy (nuclear radiation), of visible light (light energy)

### **Forms of Energy**

### **Chemical Energy**

Energy given off due to the change of the physical connections/structure of matter.

### **Nuclear Energy**

Energy given off due to the breakdown of atoms themselves, the smallest form of matter



positive charge

### **Electrical Energy**

Energy flow due to the movement of electrons, the smallest fundamental parts of an atom

# **Forms of Energy**

### **Gravitational Energy**

Energy given off by the interaction of mass with the spin/rotation of the earth

### **Mechanical Energy**

Energy flow due to the movement and interaction (collisions) of particles directly with each other

