

Heat and Temperature Relationships

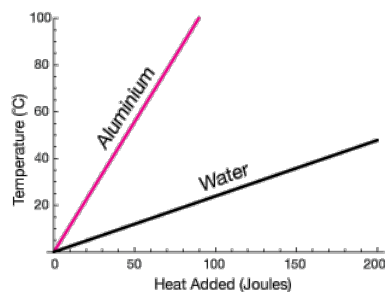
Heat (q) is a direct relationship to Temperature (T) ($m = +$)

Heat Capacity

The amount of heat required to raise the temp of a sample 1°C

$$q_{\text{matter}} = \Delta H \cdot T$$

q = Heat (J) ΔH = Heat Capacity ($\text{J}/^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 T = Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)



2

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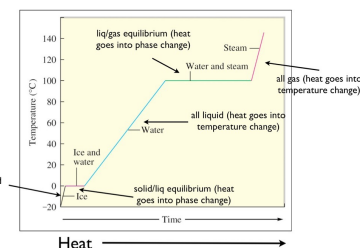
Heat (q) is a direct relationship to Temperature (T) and mass (m)

Specific Heat Capacity

The amount of heat required to raise the temp of a 1g sample 1°C

$$q_{\text{matter}} = c \cdot m \cdot \Delta T$$

q = Heat (J) c = Specific Heat ($\text{J} \cdot \text{g}/^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 m = Mass (g) T = Temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)



Heat (q) vs. Temperature (T) with a constant mass (m) as a direct relationship
 State changes shown as flat heat curve

3