

Periodic Trends

"I can" compare trends of different atoms on the periodic table

Assignment 3H

Electrons and the Atom
Due Wednesday, 9/26/22

Assignment 3I

Energy of Ions
Due Thursday, 9/27/22

Assignment 3J

Periodic Trends
Due Friday, 9/28/22

CP Chemistry Agenda

Wednesday, October 26, 2022



Periodic Trends

All properties of atoms can be compared to each other based on position of atom / ion on the periodic table.

Common Periodic Trends

Atomic Radius

Ion Radius

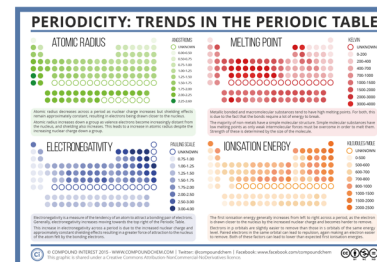
Ionization Energy

Electron Affinity

Electronegativity

Metallic / Non-Metallic Character

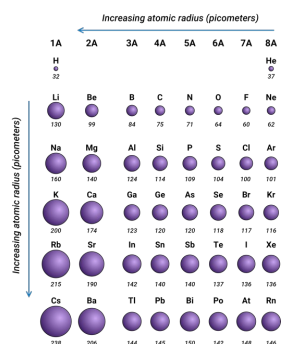
Melting Point / Freezing Point



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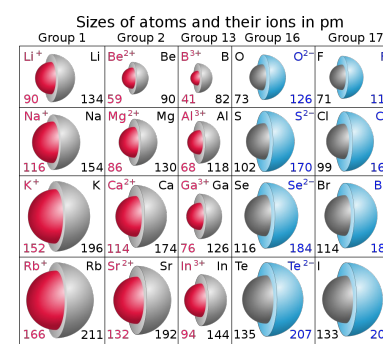
Periodic Trends – Atom Size



Group Trend (top to bottom)
Atoms get **larger** from **top** to **bottom** due to more inner electrons farther from nucleus

Period Trend (left to right)
Atoms get **slightly smaller** from left to right due to more protons pulling on the same outer valence electrons.

Periodic Trends - Ion Size



Neutral Atom/Cation (+ ion)

Cations are always **smaller** than the neutral atom
Cations are smaller due to losing valence electrons

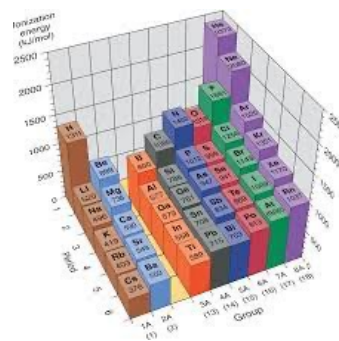
Neutral Atom/Anion (- ion)

Anions are always **larger** than the neutral atom
Anions are larger due to increased shielding of added inner electrons in ion

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Periodic Trends – Ionization Energy



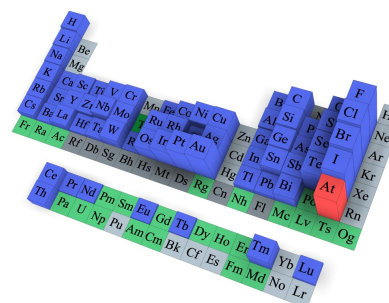
Group Trend (top to bottom)
Ionization Energy goes **slightly down** from top to bottom.
Larger atoms have more e^- shielding / e^- removal easier.

Period Trend (left to right)
Ionization Energy goes **up** across the table.

Non-metals do not want to lose electrons requiring more energy to lose electrons.

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Periodic Trends – Electron Affinity



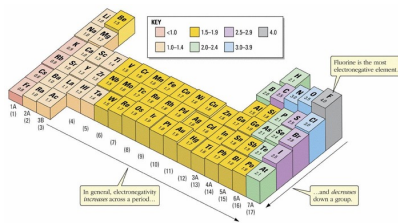
Group Trend (top to bottom)
Electron Affinity goes **slightly down** from top to bottom.
Larger atoms are slightly more stable, have lower e^- desire

Period Trend (left to right)
Electron Affinity goes **up** across the table.

Non-metals want to gain electrons increasing desire to obtain electrons

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Periodic Trends – Electronegativity



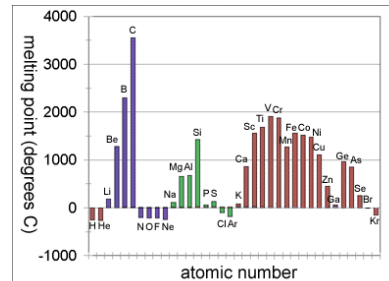
Group Trend (top to bottom)
Electronegativity goes **slightly down** from top to bottom.
Larger atoms are less likely to share electrons.

Period Trend (left to right)
Electronegativity goes **up** across the table.

The closer an atom is to 8 val. e^- the more it is likely to share electrons to get an octet of e^-

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Periodic Trends – Melting / Boiling Point



Metals tend to have **higher** melting and boiling points than non-metals.

Metals have electron structures that lead to stronger solids that are harder to melt and boil.

Harder = Higher MP/BP

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