

Concentrating and Diluting Solutions



Dilution Process

Dilution : Add solvent (large part) to lower the concentration of solute (small part) in the solution.

Most common : Add more solvent

Dilution

$V_{\text{solute}} \uparrow$
 $M_{\text{soln}} \downarrow$

Concentration

$V_{\text{solute}} \downarrow$
 $M_{\text{soln}} \uparrow$

Concentration Process

Concentration : Remove solvent OR add solute (OR both) to increase conc. of soln.

Most common : Add solute
(Difficult to remove solvent)

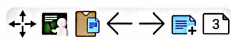
Dilution Equations

Standard Equation

$$\underbrace{M_1 V_1}_{\text{Start}} = \underbrace{M_2 V_2}_{\text{final (after)}}$$

M_1 = start conc. M_2 = end conc.

V_1 = start volume V_2 = end volume



Start

$$M_1: M_1 = \frac{M_2 V_2}{V_1}$$

$$V_1: V_1 = \frac{M_2 V_2}{M_1}$$

$$M_2: M_2 = \frac{M_1 V_1}{V_2}$$

$$V_2: V_2 = \frac{M_1 V_1}{M_2}$$

Final



Start

$$M_1 = 2.50 \text{ M (mol/L)}$$

$$V_1 = 0.70 \text{ L}$$

Final

$$M_2 = \text{---} \text{ M}$$

$$V_2 = 1.30 \text{ L}$$

(2.50 M) M_1 dec. M_2 (1.35 M)

(0.70 L) V_1 Inc. V_2 (1.30 L)

Dilution

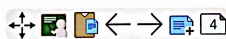
$$M_1 V_1 = M_2 V_2$$

$$M_2 = \frac{M_1 V_1}{V_2}$$

$$M_2 = \frac{2.50 \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{L}} \cdot 0.70 \text{ L}}{1.30 \text{ L}}$$

$$M_2 = \frac{1.75 \text{ mol}}{1.30 \text{ L}} = 1.35 \text{ mol/L}$$

1.35 M "molar"



Start $M_1 = 0.50M$
 $V_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} L$

Final $M_2 = 1.75M$
 $V_2 = 0.70L$

$(0.50M) M_1 \xrightarrow{\text{Inc.}} M_2 (1.75M)$
 $(2.46 L) V_1 \xrightarrow{\text{dec.}} V_2 (0.70L)$

Concentration

$$M_1 V_1 = M_2 V_2$$

$$V_1 = \frac{M_2 V_2}{M_1}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{1.75 \cancel{\text{mol/L}} \cdot 0.70 \cancel{L}}{0.50 \cancel{\text{mol/L}}}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{1.23 \cancel{\text{mol}}}{0.50 \cancel{\text{mol/L}}} = 2.46 \frac{1}{L} = 2.46 L$$

Molarity Equations

$$\text{Molarity} = \frac{\text{mol solute}}{V_{\text{soln}}}$$

$$\text{mol solute} = \text{Molarity} \cdot V_{\text{soln}}$$

$$V_{\text{soln}} = \frac{\text{mol solute}}{\text{Molarity}}$$

$$M = \text{mol/L} \quad V_{\text{soln}} = L \quad \text{molute} = \text{mol}$$

Mass and Mol Conversions

Mass $\rightarrow$ Mol

$$\frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}} g}{1 \text{ mol}} \left| \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{(MM) g} \right. = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{mol}$$

Mol $\rightarrow$ Mass

$$\frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{mol}}{1 \text{ mol}} \left| \frac{(MM) g}{1 \text{ mol}} \right. = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} g$$