

Answer the following questions based on the in class notes

What is nuclear decay rate?	What determines the nuclear decay rate (<i>half-life</i>) of an isotope?
Define an isotopes “ <i>half-life</i> ”	Why does the number of particles that decay per half-life decrease over time?

Calculate the number of particles remaining after a number of half-lives have passed

Isotope	Starting Particles (N^o)	Number HL passed (n)	Remaining Particles (N_t)	Number HL passed (n)	Remaining Particles (N_t)
^{221}Fr	50000	2	25000 → 12500	6	6250 → 3125
^{14}C	4000	1	→ ÷ 2 (Twice)	3	→ 1563 → 781
^{211}Po	150000	3		5	
^{38}Cl	8000	2		4	

Calculate the number of particles remaining after a number of half-lives have passed

Isotope	Starting Particles (N^o)	HL Time	Total Time	# HL Passed	Remaining Particles (N_t)
^{220}Rn	40000	345yr	1725yr	5	1250
^{221}Br	25000	35.6min	142.4min	$\frac{\text{Total Time}}{\text{HL Time}} = \frac{1725\text{yr}}{345\text{yr}} = 5$	$\div 2 \text{ (Five X)}$
^{131}I	100000	8.1days	40.5days		
^{99}Mo	60000	67hours	536hours		