Lewis Dot Structures

Lewis Dot Structures are representations of valence e- for atoms

Diagram of lewis structures for the first 18

H• elements on the periodic table

He•

Li Be B · C · N: O: F: Ne:

Na· Mg· ·Al· ·Si· ·P: ·S: :Cl: :Ar:

In the atomic structure, electrons always fill 4 2 one electron per suborbital (side), then pair 8 6

Valance e- by periodic groups

Group	Val e⁻	Group	Val e⁻
1A	1	5A	5
2A	2	6A	6
ЗА	3	7A	7
4A	4	8A	8

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Subatomic Particles

Octet Rule

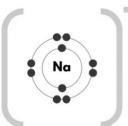
Atoms are the most stable when they have 0 or 8 valence electrons.

Ion – Atom that has lost or gained e⁻ to fulfil the octet rule

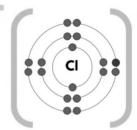
Sodium (Na) loses 1e⁻ to form a cation

1 val e⁻ → 0 val e⁻

Cation = + Ion



sodium cation



chloride anion

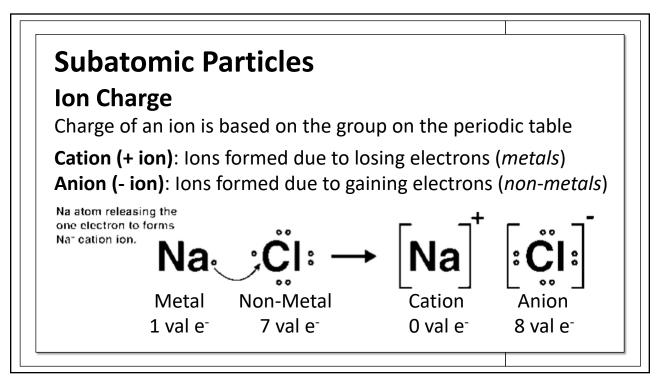
chlorine (Ca) gains 1e⁻ to form an **anion**

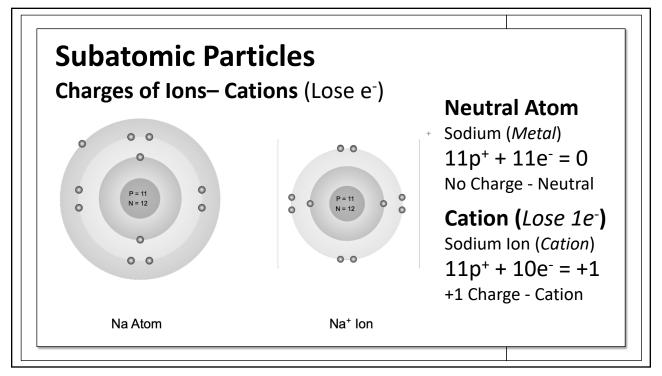
7 val e⁻ →

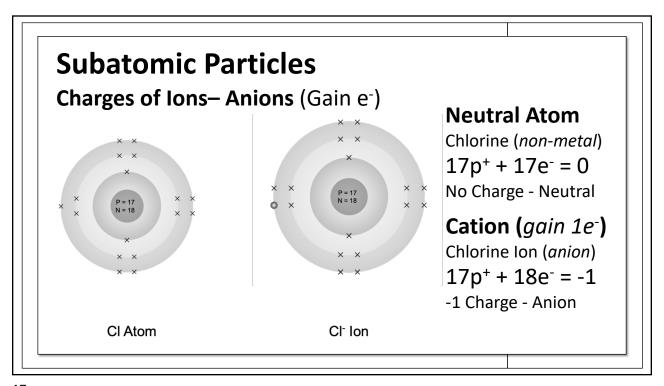
8 val e⁻

Anion = - Ion

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on charge bata table						
Group	Element Type	Valence e	Ion Type	Lose or Gain #e	Ion Charge (+ or -)	
1A (1)	Metal	1	Cation (+)	Lose 1e ⁻	+1	
2A (2)	Metal	2	Cation (+)	Lose 2e ⁻	+2	
3A (13)	Metal	3	Cation (+)	Lose 3e ⁻	+3	
5A (15)	Non-Metal	5	Anion (-)	Gain 3e ⁻	-3	
6A (16)	Non-Metal	6	Anion (-)	Gain 2e ⁻	-2	

Anion (-)

Gain 1e-

-1

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Ion Charge Data Table

Non-Metal

18

7A (17)